

WINS: Update and Workshop Objectives

Roger Howsley Executive Director

Vienna, 19th March 2018

Welcome to the Workshop!



EVOLVING SECURITY THREATS AND ADVANCED SECURITY TECHNOLOGIES

Date: 19th – 21st March 2018 **Venue:** Wolke 19, Vienna

Please take note of these dates. Further details will follow shortly.





INTRODUCTION

The threat landscape has evolved—and is continuing to evolve—at an almost unimaginable pace, especially in the cyber world. Cyber terrorism (perpetrated by both States and individuals) has become an enormous threat to businesses, industries and governments around the world. Political upheavals in several regions of the world (greatly assisted by the development of smart phones, internet and social media technology) have led to the rapid rise of terrorist groups using more and more sophisticated tools and weapons. Although difficult to predict on a

important benefits is data analytics, which enables the analysis of huge amounts of data in near real-time. On the other hand, technology has also resulted in such negatives as cyberterrorism and the creation of improvised explosive devices that can be easily transported, hidden and detonated.

Clearly, rapid changes are going to continue taking place in the years ahead. Nuclear reactors will change, including the deployment of small modular reactors, and the threats—many of which have not even been anticipated yet—will evolve. It is crucial that those with responsibility for nuclear materials understand the nature.



Outline



The WINS Academy

Workshop Objectives



Nuclear Security Summits 2010-2016



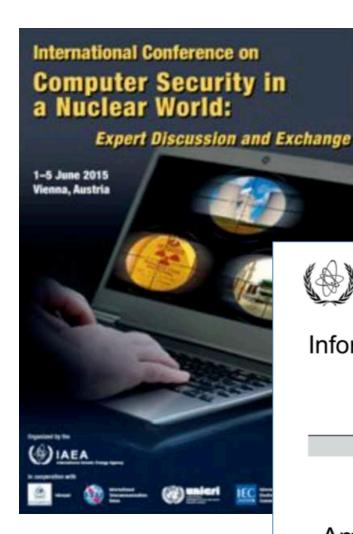


Nuclear Industry Summits 2010-2016





IAEA





INFCIRC/274/Rev.1/Mod.1

Date: 9 May 2016

International Conference on

NUCLEAR SECURITY: Commitments and Actions

> 5-9 December 2016 Vienna, Austria

Ministerial Segment 5-6 December 2016

PROGRAMME

General Distribution
Original: Arabic, Chinese, English, French, Russian,
Spanish

Amendment to the Convention on the Physical Protection of Nuclear Material



WINS Vision & Mission

All nuclear and other radiological materials and facilities are effectively secured by demonstrably competent professionals applying best practice to achieve operational excellence

To be the leader in knowledge exchange, professional development and certification for nuclear security management



Performance Measured by WINS' Achievements

80+
International
Best Practice

Workshops



35
International
Best Practice
Guides



10

Nuclear Security
Management
Certification
Modules





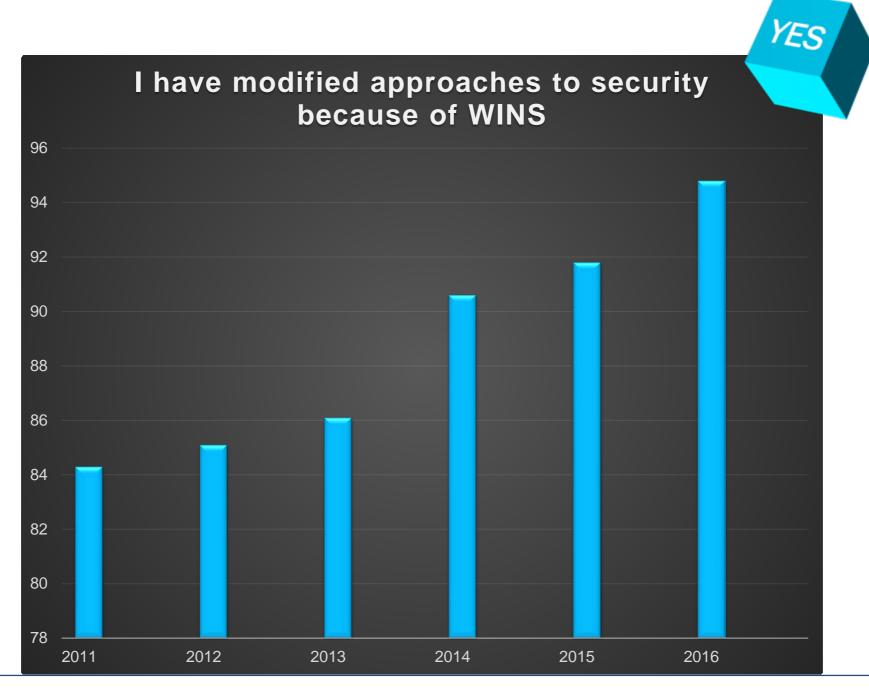






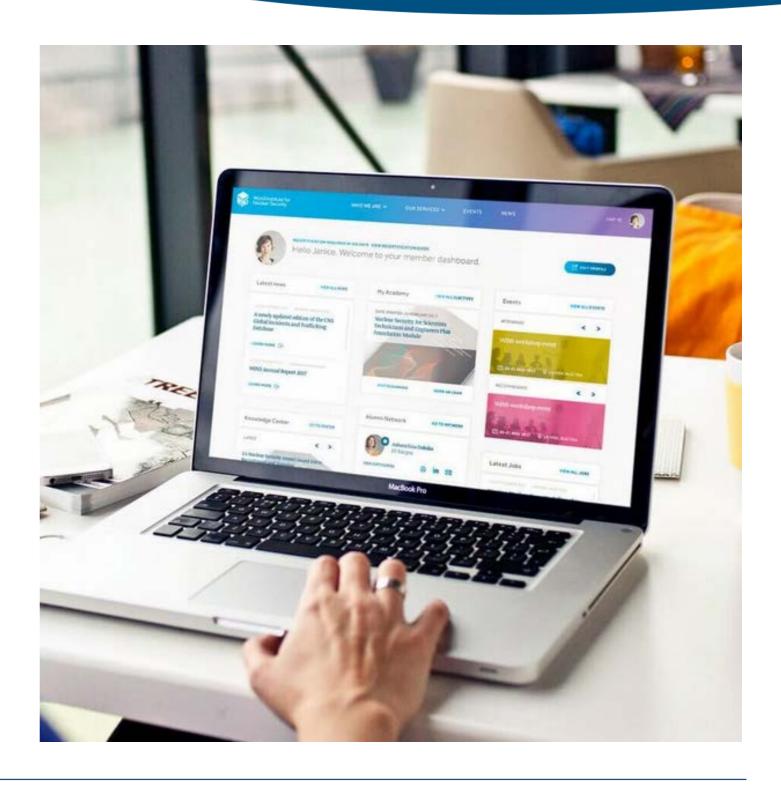


Membership Questionnaire



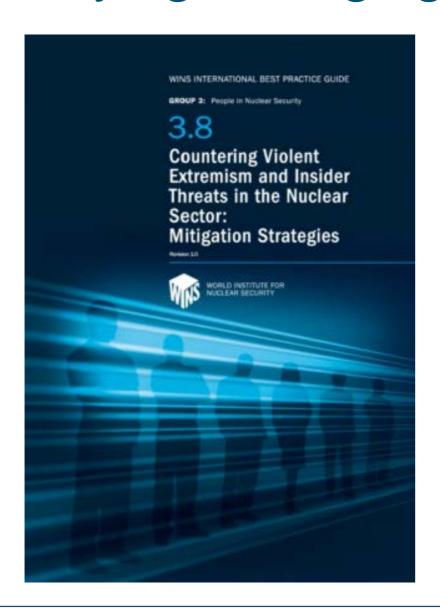


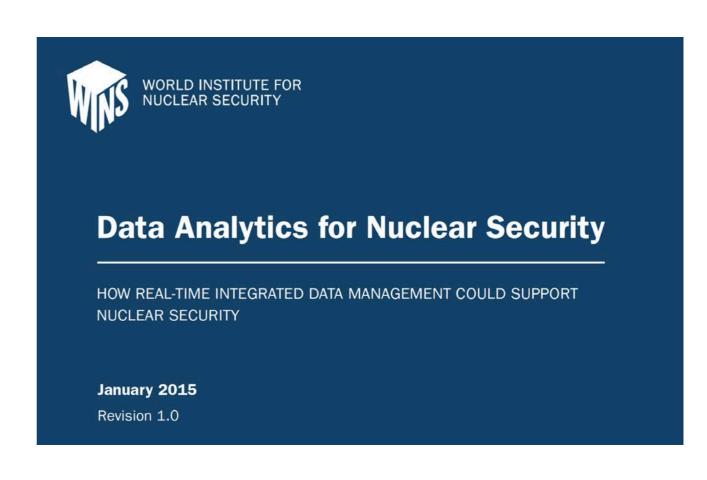
Website relaunch with new Operating System and Data Analytics, including a Member Dashboard





Agile and Relevant: WINS Leadership in Identifying Emerging Issues







WINS Gender Champions Initiative





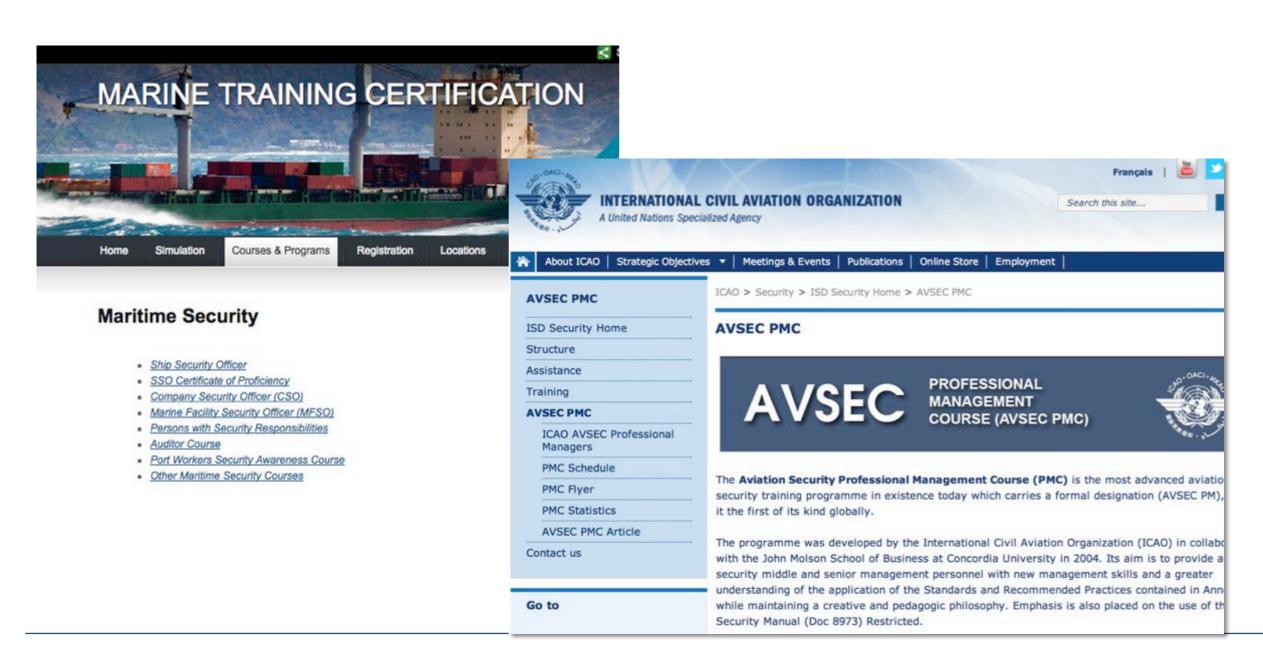
Outline

WINS Update

- The WINS Academy
- Workshop Objectives

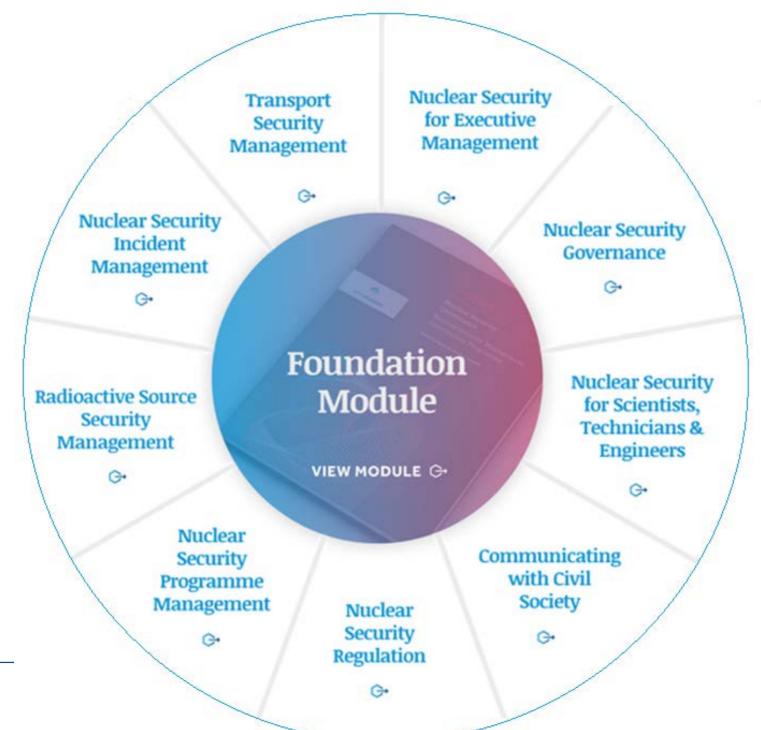


Demonstrable Security Management Competence in other Professions





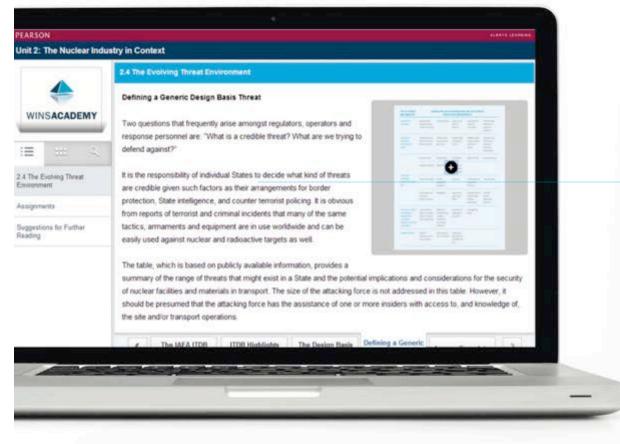
The WINS Academy: Electives on Offer







Module Delivery Online





5,100+ accredited test centres in over 180 countries worldwide



Hard Copy Textbooks





WINS was re-certificated to ISO Standards in December 2017



SYSTEM CERTIFIED

ISO 9001:2015

ISO 29990:2010

No.13020/0

No.00027/0





Academy Participants Exceeded **1,000** Worldwide in 2017

1,050 Participants from 80+ Countries

291 Certified Nuclear Security Professionals





Sustaining the Engagement – The WINS Professional Network





79%

of our participants are from developing countries



96%

of our Alumni say that WINS certification has positively impacted their professional image



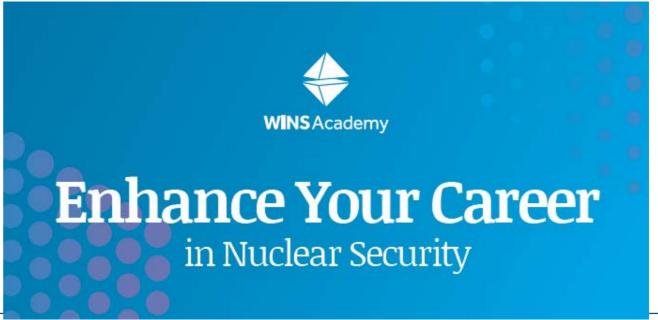
50%

of our Alumni have received a significant increase in responsibility



The WINS Academy: Impact Analysis







INFCIRC/901; now 14 Signatories



THE GOVERNMENT OF CANADA AND 11 OTHER STATES ENDORSE THE WINS ACADEMY'S COMMITMENT TO PROVIDING CERTIFIED PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT FOR NUCLEAR SECURITY WORLDWIDE – IAEA INFCIRC/901

Vienna, Austria, December 14, 2016 – The World Institute for Nuclear Security (WINS) is pleased to announce that on 1 December 2016 the Government of Canada submitted a Joint Statement on Certified Training for Nuclear Security Management to the Secretariat of the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA). The Statement acknowledges the international recognition of the need for nuclear security training, education and certification and commits to providing advocacy, peer review, contributions and other means as necessary to support the WINS Academy's efforts to expand its international certification programme.

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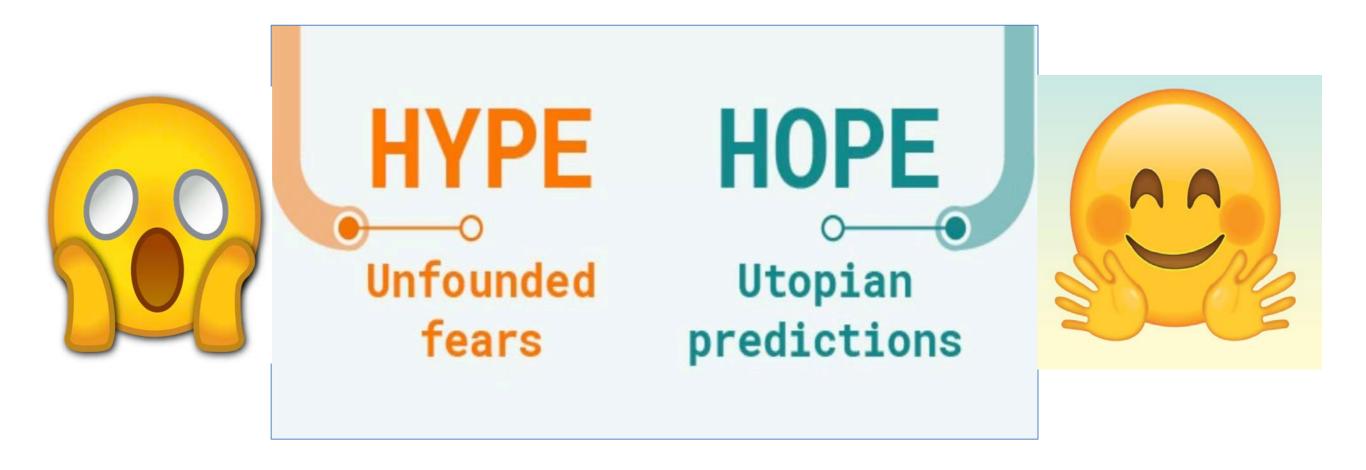


"Predicting the future is easy ... getting it right is the hard part."

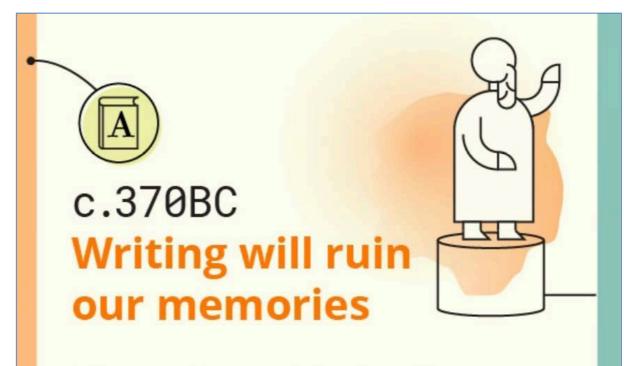


A History of the Future of Work

(BBC - 12 March 2018)

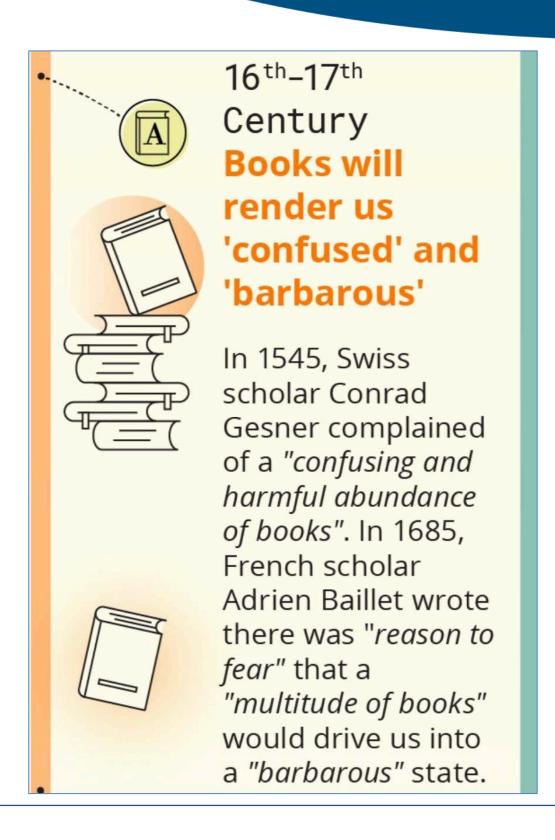






"If men learn this, it will implant forgetfulness in their souls; they will cease to exercise memory because they rely on that which is written" said Socrates. We remember his views on this because Plato wrote them down.









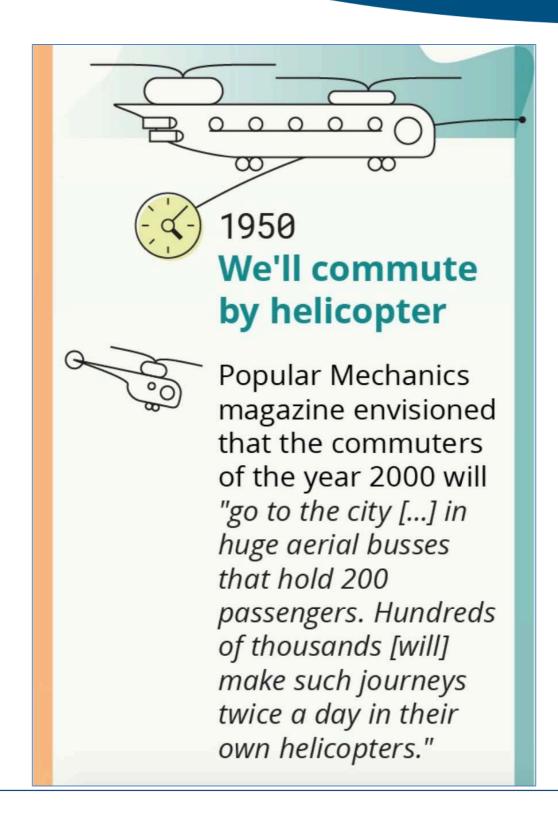
In his utopian novel 'Looking Backward: 2000-1887', Edward Bellamy imagines the year 2000, when "working hours are short, the vacations regular and that all emulation ceases at forty-five, with the attainment of middle life."



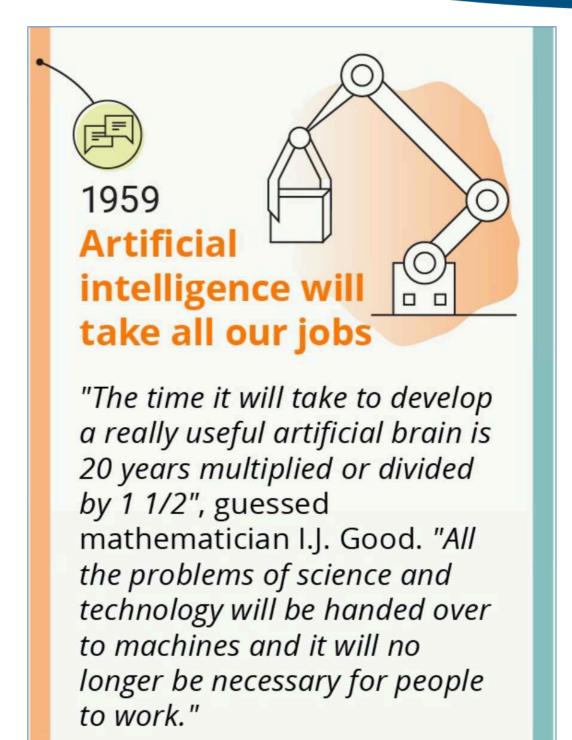
1930 We'll be working 15-hour weeks

Economist John Maynard
Keynes predicted automation
would usher in an "age of leisure
and abundance" within 100
years. "Everybody will need to do
some work if he is to be
contented", he wrote, but "three
hours a day is quite enough".











1932: "There is not the slightest indication that nuclear energy will ever be obtainable. It would mean that the atom would have to be shattered at will."

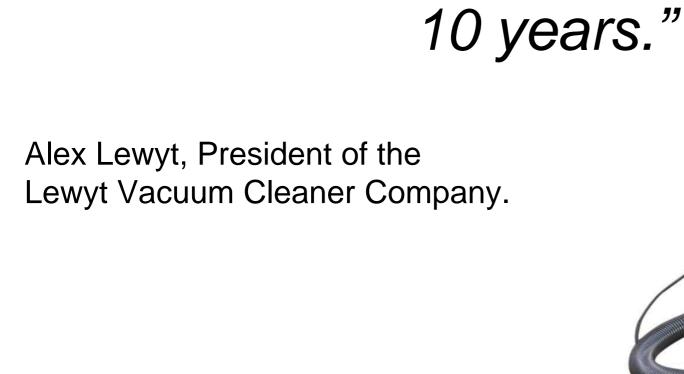


1932: "There is not the slightest indication that nuclear energy will ever be obtainable. It would mean that the atom would have to be shattered at will."

Albert Einstein.



1955: "Nuclear powered vacuum cleaners will probably be a reality within





1962: Lewyt went bankrupt. The electronic models had a tendency of shorting out and giving the user a shock which resulted in a number of lawsuits that bankrupted the company.



Report Outline



EVOLVING SECURITY THREATS AND ADVANCED SECURITY TECHNOLOGY: ANTICIPATING THE NEEDS OF THE NUCLEAR INDUSTRY

REPORT OUTLINE

- 1. THE THREAT ENVIRONMENT OVER THE LAST 40 YEARS:
 - 1.1. GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS
 - 1.2. NUCLEAR SPECIFIC
 - 1.3. OTHER CRTITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE SECTORS
- 2. THREAT PREDICTIONS AND TRENDS OVER THE NEXT 10 YEARS:
 - 2.1. GENERAL PESTLE1 CONSIDERATIONS
 - 2.2. NUCLEAR SPECIFIC
 - 2.3. OTHER CRTITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE SECTORS



Report Outline

3. THE INTERSECTION BETWEEN THREATS AND TECHNOLOGY

- 3.1. HOW EXISTING TECHNOLOGICAL ADVANCES HAVE INFLUENCED THE THREAT AND SECURITY PROTECTIVE MEASURES
- 3.2. HOW TECHNOLOGICAL CHANGES IN THE NEXT 10 YEARS WILL INFLUENCE THE THREAT AND SECURITY PROTECTIVE MEASURES:
 - 3.2.1.TECHNOLOGY BY SUBJECT AREA
 - 3.2.1.1. DRONES
 - 3.2.1.2. REMOTELY OPERATED WEAPON SYSTEMS (ROWS)
 - 3.2.1.3. ROBOTICS FOR SECURITY
 - 3.2.1.4. ARTIFICAL INTELLIGENCE
 - 3.2.1.5. ENHANCED HUMAN PERFORMANCE
 - 3.2.1.6. CYBER SECURITY
 - 3.2.1.7. BEHAVIOURAL OBSERVATION
 - 3.2.1.8. MODELLING AND SIMULATION
 - 3.2.1.9. ACCESS CONTROL AND BIOMETRICS
 - 3.2.1.10. TRACKING AND MONITORING
 - 3.2.1.11. DATA ANALYTICS



Report Outline

4. BROADER CONSIDERATIONS TO ADOPTING ADVANCED TECHNOLOGIES IN THE NUCLEAR SECTOR

- 4.1. OPPORTUNITIES FOR SECURITY BY DESIGN, INCLUDING SMALL MODULAR REACTORS
- 4.2. JUSTIFYING THE RETURN ON INVESTMENT
- 4.3. CHALLENGES FOR REGULATION AND THREAT ASSESSMENT/COMMUNICATION
- 4.4. ETHICAL AND LEGAL CONSIDERATIONS, INCLUDING THE POTENTIAL IMPACT ON STAFF



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