

Role of Artificial Intelligence in Strengthening the Security of Nuclear Facilities Experience in

Mochovce NPP Slovakia



Ladislav Zakhariás– Head of Physical Protection

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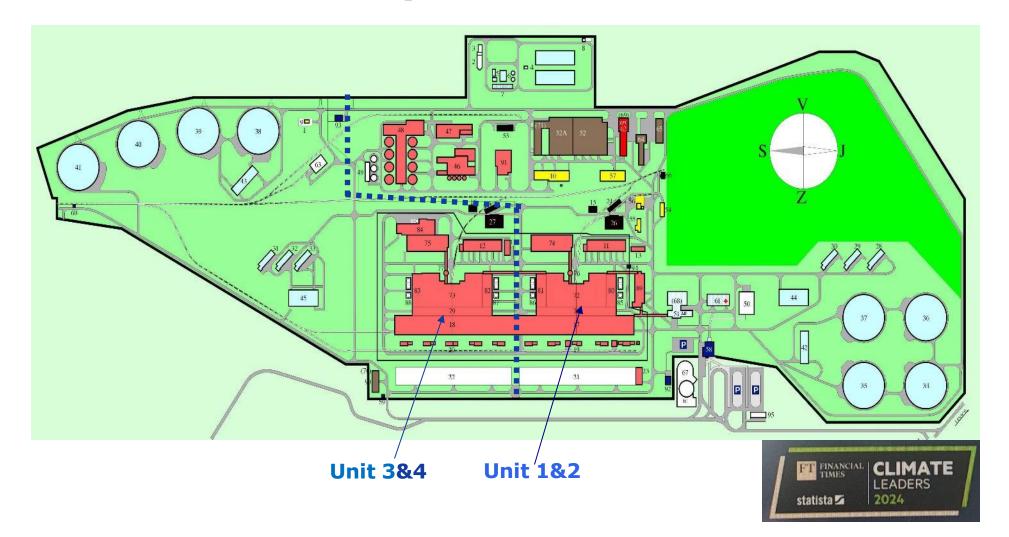
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Contents

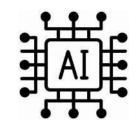


 NPP introduction
Why selecting a new technology
Examples about incorporating AI into the security arrangements What has been our experience, and what lessons have we learned
What role have regulatory bodies played in the AI selection and adoption process?
Identified risks associated with AI implementation

Mochovce NPP Layout



Why selecting a new technology



- Existence of a large number of different types of CCTV cameras in the system
- Insufficient reliability of the existing motion detection technology
- Reduction of the number of false alarms triggered by motion detection
- Need to keep the existing CCTV cameras in the system /cost reduction
- Increasing the level of security of the physical protection system

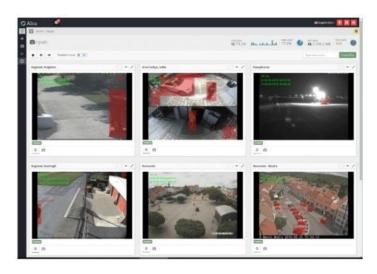
Examples about incorporating AI into the security arrangements.

NOW IMPLEMENTED:

- Video Surveillance and Monitoring Object Detection
- Video Surveillance and Monitoring Tampering

FUTURE PLAN:

- Underbody car scanner Support for operator during inspection
- X-ray contraband detection Support for operator
- Video Surveillance and Monitoring by patrol drone Object Detection
- Biometric entry control change Palm secure to facial recognition



□ What has been our experience, and what lessons have we learned

Video Surveillance and Monitoring - Object Detection

- Limited experience with usage = longer test period
- Existing models need to be trained on-site also
- False alarm rate decreased significantly

Video Surveillance and Monitoring – Tampering

- Existing models need to be trained on-site also
- Significant reduction in man-hours
- Exclusion of the human factor
- Increase in the level of security



□ What role have regulatory bodies played in the AI selection and adoption process?

- There is no legal framework for the use of AI
- All steps of implementation were consulted with the regulatory bodies
- The Nuclear Regulatory Authority was continuously informed about the results of individual tests
- The Nuclear Regulatory Authority has so far agreed to the parallel deployment of AI with the original systems



□ Identified risks associated with AI implementation

- The existing models on which the AI was trained may not be sufficient possible unexpected behavior
- AI may not be universally applicable in all cases, e.g., tampering at gates with heavy traffic
- possible change in legislation that may adversely affect the already established system



Thank you for your attention / QUESTIONS

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